# Position Absolute vs. Position Relative:

* Position absolute corresponds to positioning a child <div> with respect or according to the last selected parent<div> to have its positioning relative. However, if there is no parent <div> available, or none is selected to have their positioning relative, then the element with absolute positioning will be placed with respect to the whole body of the document.
* Position absolute is effective in layering up the website as it takes the document’s elements out of the flow of the rest of the document (other elements or <divs> would lay beneath it.
* Position absolute takes Bottom, Left, Right, and Properties for more accurate positioning.

Z-index can be used with position absolute when layering elements of the document (a z-index of -1 with <div> having absolute positioning would lead to that <div> not being visible as it will lay beneath the other entire document elements.

Furthermore, Position Relative:

* Position relative allows positioning an element in a way relative to where it is supposed to be in the HTML document as specified in the code order.
* Relative positioning takes the properties (Top ,Right Bottom ,Left).
* A relatively positioned element can overlap other elements in the HTML document, as it is removed from its static positioning.